

[illegible]

The cDNA sequence encoding porcine brain natriuretic peptide and related genes encoding canine and human peptides with natriuretic activity are disclosed. The gene is shown to make accessible the DNAs encoding analogous natriuretic peptides in other vertebrate species. The genes encoding these NPs can be used to effect modifications of the sequence to produce alternate forms of the NPs and to provide practical amounts of these proteins. The NPs of the invention can also be synthesized chemically. The invention peptides have the formula:



wherein R^1 is selected from the group consisting of:

Gly-;

Ser-Gly-;

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Met/ - Arg/ Asp/
Val Gln Gly -Ser-Gly-;

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Ser-Pro-Lys- Thr/ - Met/ - Arg/ Asp/
Met Val Gln Gly -Ser-Gly-;

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Asn/ -Val-Leu
Lys

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Asn/ -Val-Leu-Arg
Lys

Asn/ -Val-Leu-Arg- Arg/
Lys Lys

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Asn/ -Val-Leu-Arg- Arg/ - Tyr/
Lys Lys His

or the amides (NH_2 or $\text{NR}'\text{R}''$) thereof,
with the proviso that if formula (1) is

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and R¹ is Asp-Ser-Gly-, R² cannot be Asn-Val-Leu-Arg-Arg-Tyr.

5 The peptides of the invention can be formulated into pharmaceutical compositions and used to treat conditions associated with high extracellular fluid levels, especially congestive heart failure.

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